

Your Excellency,

REPUBLICA DE CHILE
PRESIDENCIA
REGISTRO Y ARCHIVO
92/28335 (14) O.S.A.
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ARCHIVO

I am always concerned about the violation of anyone's human rights. Since 1992 is being marked as the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on the continent, it seems a particularly appropriate time to highlight concerns with respect to unsolved human rights violations against indigenous peoples of the Americas, including the case of Nelson Wladimir Curmin Lincoqueo. I express grave concern about the extrajudicial execution of Nelson Wladimir Curmin Lincoqueo in 1973. I welcome the investigations into his killing and express the hope that the full truth will emerge and that those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Amnesty International believes this must happen!

Sincerely,
Maggie Li

Maggie Lo

92-1387 KIKAHA ST.
EWA BEACH
HI 96707



SR. PATRICIO AYLWIN AZOAR
PRESIDENTE DE LA
REPUBLICA DE CHILE
PALACIO DE LA MONEDA
SANTIAGO, CHILE

PALACIO DE LA MONEDA
M 0 1 DIC 92 M
RECEPCION
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Additional message area:

Dr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar
Presidente de la Republica de Chile
Palacio de la Moneda
Santiago, Chile

11-26-92

Dear Mr. President,

On September 11, 1973, several air force officers removed Nelson Vladimiro Crinir Lincoqueo from his home. He was taken to the Maquehua air force ~~base~~ base, and shortly after escaped. In March, 1990 Nelson Lincoqueo's body was found in an unmarked grave. He had been shot in the back of the head.

The murderers of this non-violent member of the communist party have never been brought to justice. I am very concerned about this outright violation of human right. I want you to know that this will not be tolerated!

Sincerely,
Polyn Eiler
Student



Dr. Patricio Aylwin Azora
 Presidente de la Republica de Chile
 Palacio de la Moneda
 Santiago
 Chile

PALACIO DE LA MONEDA
 M 0 1 DIC 92 M
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Additional message area:

Bowling Green High School
530 W. Poe Rd.
Bowling Green, OH 43402 USA

SR. Patricio Aylwin Azocar
Presidente de la Republica de Chile
Palacio de la Moneda
Santiago, CHILE

Your Excellency:

As a member of Amnesty International, I am concerned with the violations of human rights, especially those unresolved violations against indigenous peoples of what is now called the Americas, including the case of Nelson Wladimiro Curinir Lincoqueo in 1973. I ask that thorough investigations of this case and all other human rights violations committed in Chile be held and that those responsible be brought to justice.

I also believe that the amnesty law of 1978 constitutes an obstacle to clarifying past abuses and preventing their recurrence and that this law should therefore be repealed.
Thank you for your time.

Sincerely,

Molly Boren

MOLLY BOREN

12923 Slack St.
Poway, CA 92064
November 8, 1992

Your Excellency:

I am concerned about the violation of anyone's human rights. This year is marked in many countries as the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on the continent. This seems an appropriate time to highlight concerns with respect to unresolved human rights violations against indigenous peoples of what is now called the Americas, including the case of Nelson Wladimiro Curinir Lincoqueo. My concern will not diminish when 1992 is over.

I am extremely concerned about the extra-judicial execution of Nelson Wladimiro Curinir Lincoqueo in 1973. I welcome investigations into his killing and express hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible brought to justice.

Amnesty Int'l believes this must happen with all human rights violations in order to prevent such atrocities from recurring. The Amnesty law of 1978 constitutes an obstacle to clarify past abuses and prevent their recurrence. It should therefore be repealed.

Thank you for your time and cooperation.

Sincerely
Paisley Kurl.

16577 Martineau Rd
Poway, CA 92064
November 8, 1992

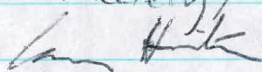
Your Excellency,

I am concerned about the violation of anyone's human rights. This year is marked in many countries as the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on the continent. This seems an appropriate time to highlight concerns w respect to unresolved human rights violations against indigenous people s of what is now called the Americas, including the case of Nelson Wladimir Cerón Lincoyelo. My concern will not diminish when 1992 is over.

I am extremely concerned that the extra-judicial execution of Nelson Wladimir Cerón Lincoyelo in 1973. I welcome investigations into his killing and express hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible brought to justice.

Amnesty International believes this must happen w all human rights violations in order to prevent such atrocities from recurring. The Amnesty law of 1978 constitutes an obstacle to clarify past abuses and prevent their recurrence. It should therefore be repealed.

Thank you for your time and cooperation.

Sincerely,

Lauren Hamilton

882 Winthrop Drive
East Meadow, NY 11554
November 23, 1992

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar
Presidente De La Republica De Chile
Palacio De La Moneda
Santiago
Chile

Your Excellency:

I am a student at Nassau Community College in New York and a member of Amnesty International. I am concerned about the violation of anyone's human rights. This year, 1992, is being recognized in a number of countries as the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on the continent. For this reason it appears to be an especially appropriate time to highlight concerns with respect to unresolved human rights violations against indigenous peoples of what is now called the Americas, including the case of Nelson Wladimir Curinir Lincogues.

On October 5, 1973, less than a month after the democratically-elected Government of President Salvador Allende of Chile was violently overthrown in a coup d'etat, a group of heavily armed men in air force uniform entered the home of Nelson Wladimir Curinir Lincogues, a 22-year-old Mapuche Indian. Nelson Curinir was a student at the State Technical University (Universidad Tecnica del Estado) in Temuco, as well as an activist in the Communist Party. His family never saw him alive again.

On October 18, 1973, his family listened to a radio broadcast stating that Nelson Wladimir Curinir Lincogues, described as an MIR activist (Movimiento de Izquierda Revolucionaria, Movement of the Revolutionary Left) had escaped when he was being transferred by military patrol to Temuco Prison. The broadcast said that orders had been given for his capture, dead or alive. Witnesses have testified that Nelson Curinir was taken out of the air force base in Maquehua by members of the air force base in the early hours of October 13, 1973. That was the last time anyone saw him alive.

In March 1990 a Mapuche Indian stepped forward to announce that Nelson Curinir's body was found on the banks of the River Cañtin in 1973 and that he had been buried as "NN" (Name unknown) in a cemetery near Temuco. The National Commission of Truth and Reconciliation (C.N.V.R., Comision Nacional de Verdad y Reconciliacion), which was named when democratic government was restored in Chile in March 1990, and mandated to look into serious human rights violations committed during the years of military government, presented Nelson Curinir's case to a civilian court for investigation. According to orders of the civilian judge in charge of the case, Nelson Curinir's body was exhumed in November 1990 and identified by his family. The autopsy report showed that he had been shot in the back of his head.

On January 15, 1991, 17 years after his abduction by the security forces, Nelson Curinir's family buried him in General Cemetery of Temuco. A criminal complaint (querrela) was given to the courts in 1991. Formally, however, those who are responsible for Nelson Curinir's killing would be protected by an amnesty law passed in Chile in 1978 for all those who as "authors, accomplices or accessories" had been responsible for crimes committed during the state of siege imposed in the country between September 11, 1973 and March 10, 1978. This law is still being used to close investigations that happened before

1978, before all the facts have been clarified and criminal responsibility established.

I am deeply concerned about the extrajudicial execution of Nelson Vladimiro Curinir Lincogues in 1973 and I welcome the investigations into his killing. I hope that the whole truth will be revealed and that those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Amnesty International believes this must occur with respect to this and all human rights violations committed in Chile so that a recurrence of these atrocities will be prevented.

Amnesty International believes that the amnesty law of 1978 is an obstacle to clarifying past abuses and preventing their recurrence, and that the law should therefore be repealed.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Respectfully,
Randi Schimz

NISHA GUPTA
530 W. POE
Bowling Green, OH
43402

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar
Presidente de la Republica de Chile
Palacio de la Moneda
Santiago, Chile

Your Excellency,

As a member of Amnesty International, I am concerned with the violations of human rights. I am also concerned about the extrajudicial execution of Nelson Wladimir Cerda Lincoqueo in 1973. I hope that through a thorough investigation of his killing, the full truth will emerge + that those responsible for his death will be brought to justice. I also hope that the amnesty law of 1978 be repealed because it constitutes an obstacle to clarifying past abuses + preventing their recurrence.

I respect your time + consideration of these matters.
I urge you to examine this matter with justice.

Sincerely,

Nisha Gupta
NISHA GUPTA

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar
Presidente de la Republica
Palacio de la Moneda
Santiago
Chile

Bowling Green H.S.
530 W. Poe
Bowling Green OH
43402

Your Excellency,

As a member of Amnesty International, I am always concerned with the violations of human rights. This being the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on this continent, it seems particularly appropriate to highlight concerns with respect to unresolved human rights violations against indigenous people of what is now called the Americas, including the case of Nelson Wladimir Curinir Lincoquea.

I thank you for your time and I hope that you will take steps to resolve problems in your country.

Sincerely,

Lauren Flynn
LAUREN FLYNN

BOWLING GREEN HIGH SCHOOL
530 W. Poe Rd.
Bowling Green, Ohio 43402 USA

SR. PATRICIO AYLWIN AZOCAR
PRESIDENTE DE LA REPUBLICA DE CHILE
PALACIO DE LA MONEDA
SANTIAGO
CHILE

Your Excellency,
As a member of Amnesty International I am very concerned with the extrajudicial execution of Nelson Wladimir Arellano Lincoy in 1973. I hope that through a thorough investigation of his killing the full truth will emerge & that those responsible for his death will be brought to justice. As a member of Amnesty International in Chile I in order to prevent such atrocities from recurring.

I respect your time & consideration of these matters and I hope steps will be taken to resolve them.

Sincerely,
Sarah Boren
SARAH BOREN

Bowling Green High School
530 W. Poe Road
Bowling Green, Ohio 43402 USA

St. Patricio Alfredo Azocar
Presidente de la Republica de Chile
Palacio de la Moneda
Santiago
CHILE

Your Excellency:

As a member of Amnesty International, I am always concerned with the violations of human rights. This being the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on this continent, it seems particularly appropriate to highlight concerns with respect to unresolved human rights violations against indigenous people of what is now called the Americas, including the case of Nelson Wladimir Curini Lincoqueo.

I am very concerned with the extrajudicial execution of Nelson Wladimir Curini Lincoqueo in 1973. I hope that through a thorough investigation of his killing the full truth will emerge and that those responsible for his death will be brought to justice. I believe this must happen with respect to this and other human rights violations committed in Chile in order to prevent such atrocities from recurring. I also believe that the Amnesty Law of 1978 constitutes an obstacle to clarifying past abuses and preventing their recurrence, therefore this law should be repealed.

I respect your time and consideration of these matters. I hope steps will be taken to resolve them and stop the violations of human rights in your country.

Sincerely,
Kimi Kawashima
KIMI KAWASHIMA

Sr. Patricio Ajaivin Azocar
Presidente de la Republica de Chile
Palacio de la Moneda
Santiago
Chile

Bowling Green High School
530 W Poe Rd
Bowling Green, Ohio 43402

Your Excellency,

As a member of Amnesty International I am always concerned with the violations of human rights. This being the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on this continent, it seems particularly appropriate to highlight concerns with respect to unresolved human rights violations against indigenous people of what is now called the Americas, including the case of Nelson Wladimir Curinin Pinochet.

I am very concerned with the extrajudicial execution of Nelson Wladimir Curinin Pinochet in 1973. I hope that through a thorough investigation of his killing, the full truth will emerge and that those responsible for his death will be brought to justice. As a member of Amnesty, I believe this must happen with respect to this and all other human rights violations committed in Chile in order to prevent such atrocities from recurring. I also believe that the Amnesty law of 1978 constitutes an obstacle to clarifying past abuses and preventing their recurrence and that this law should therefore be repealed.

Thank you for your time and consideration of

these matters. I hope steps will be taken to resolve them and stop the violations of human rights in your country.

Sincerely,
Caitlin Klein
CAITLIN KLEIN

SR. PATRICO AYLWIN AZOCAR
PRESIDENTE DE LA REPUBLICA
DE CHILE
PALACIO DE LA MONEDA
SANTIAGO, CHILE

Your Excellency,

I'm writing you because I am very concerned about the extrajudicial execution of Nelson Wladimir Curnir Lincoqueo in 1973.

I hope that through a thorough investigation ^{you} will uncover those responsible for his death.

I respect your time and consideration of these matters and I hope steps will be taken to resolve this matter.

Sincerely,

JULIA McCORD

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar
Presidente de la Republica de Chile
Palacio de la Moneda
Santiago, Chile

November 17, 1992

Your Excellency:

I am writing to express our ongoing concern about the violation of anyone's human rights. As 1992 marks, in a number of countries, the 500th anniversary of Europeans on the continent, it seems particularly appropriate to highlight our concerns with respect to unresolved human rights abuses against indigenous peoples of what is now called the Americas.

I am especially concerned about the extrajudicial execution of NELSON CURNIR LINCOUEO in 1973. I urge investigations relating to his killing and express our hopes that the fullest truth will emerge. Further, I urge that those responsible for his death be brought to justice.

Amnesty International believes that such investigations must occur with respect to this and all human rights abuses committed in Chile in order to prevent such atrocities from recurring. Amnesty International also believes that the amnesty law of 1978 constitutes an obstacle to clarifying past abuses and preventing their recurrence and that the law should therefore be repealed.

I thank you for your prompt attention to these matters.

Yours respectfully,
Joy Cole

November 17, 1992

Harriet Loo
Cazenove Hall
Wellesley College
106 Central St.
Wellesley, MA 02181

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar
Presidente de la Republica de Chile
Palacio de la Moneda
Santiago, CHILE

Your Excellency:

I am writing to express our ongoing concern about the violation of anyone's human rights. As 1992 marks, in a number of countries, the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on the continent, it seems particularly appropriate to highlight our concerns with respect to unresolved human rights abuses against indigenous peoples of what is now called the Americas.

I am especially concerned about the extrajudicial execution of NELSON CURINIR LINCOQUEO in 1973. I urge investigations relating to his killing and express our hopes that the fullest truth will emerge. Further, I urge that those responsible for his death be brought to justice.

Amnesty International believes that such investigations must occur with respect to this and all human rights abuses committed in Chile in order to prevent such atrocities from recurring. Amnesty International also believes that the Amnesty law of 1978 constitutes an obstacle to clarifying past abuses and preventing their recurrence and that the law should therefore be repealed.

I thank you for your prompt attention to these matters.

Yours respectfully,

Harriet Loo